

Homological 予想 . BCM 代数

(可換環論 12-27-14
at 東工大 (8/26))

§1 Homological conjecture

... (Noetherian) local ring 上の (f, g) module の

不変量 の homological 分解に基づく

- 連の予想

e.g.

k null 次元 \leftrightarrow homological 次元

(proj, inj, global ...)

Recall (A, \mathfrak{m}, k) : local ring: $k \neq 1$, 標数は $4/1/05-2$

	char A	char k
equi. char 0	0	0
equi. char p	p	p
mixed. char (0, p)	0	p
mixed. char (p^n, p)	p^n	p

A: equi. char

$(\Rightarrow) \exists \varphi: \text{fld} \rightarrow \varphi \subset A$

A: domain

$\Rightarrow \text{char } A \text{ is } 0 \text{ or prime}$

Note

$\text{mod } A$: Category of f.g. A -modules

$\text{Mod } A$: Category of A -modules

1960 ~ 1970 前年

Serre, Auslander, Peskin, Szapiro... e.t.c.

代表: (new) intersection thm.

thm (Serre, 1965, intersection thm)

A : regular local. $M, N \in \text{mod } A$, $\ell(M \otimes N) < \infty$

then $\dim M + \dim N \leq \dim A$

(why intersection?) \rightarrow Har, Chap I, Prop. 7.1)

Recall Auslander - Buchsbaum formula.

(A m): Noe. loc. $M \neq 0 \in \text{mod } A$, $\text{prj. dim } M < \infty$
 $\text{prj. dim } M + \text{depth } M = \text{depth } A$

A-B formula + intersection thm

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow \text{prj. dim } M &= \text{depth } A - \text{depth } M \\ &= \dim A - \text{depth } M \end{aligned}$$

$$\geq \dim A - \dim M \geq \dim N \quad \text{etc.}$$

\rightarrow intersection (conj).

(A, \mathfrak{m}) : Noe. local. $M \neq 0, N \in \text{mod } A, \ell(M \otimes N) < \infty$

$$\text{then } \dim N \leq \text{prj. dim } M$$

(何故?)

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \ell(M) < \infty, \text{prj. dim } M < \infty \text{ 等 } \dim A \leq \text{prj. dim } M \\ \leq \dim A \end{array} \right.$$

\rightarrow new intersection thm (NIT)

(A, \mathfrak{m}) : Noe. loc.

$$F_\bullet: 0 \rightarrow F_m \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow F_0 \rightarrow 0: \text{not exact}$$

F_i : fin. free

$$0 \leq i \leq m, \ell(H_i(F_\bullet)) < \infty \Rightarrow \dim A \leq m$$

equiv. char $p > 0$ $a \in \pm$.

Frobenius functor Σ \mathbb{F}_p, Σ 降かした.

A : char $p > 0$.

$F: A \rightarrow A: a \mapsto a^p$: Frobenius

A^F : 両側 A -module Σ . $A^F = A$ (as set)

$$a \in A, r \in A^F, a \cdot r = ar = ra, \quad r \cdot a = ra^p$$

また $f: \text{Mod}_L(A) \rightarrow \text{Mod}_L(A): M \mapsto A^F \otimes_A M$ である.

これは Σ Frobenius functor である.

Σ は free module Σ 保ち, localisation と可換.

Sketch (equiv. char $p > 0$ $a \in \pm$)

A : complete Σ (ZFN).

また $\varphi_1(F_1) \subset m F_0$ Σ (ZFN) (technical fix easy)

$\varphi(F_0)$ は $\varphi_i = (a_{i,j})$ Σ (た Σ),

$(a_{i,j}^p) \Sigma$ 射影的 Σ 存在.

また $\forall p \in \text{Spec } A \setminus \{m\} \Sigma$ $F_0 \otimes A_p$ は exact

$\therefore (A, m)$: Noe loc. $M \in \text{mod } A$

$$l(M) < \infty \iff \text{Supp } M = \{m\}$$

$$\forall i, H_i(\mathcal{F}(F_0))_p = 0$$

$$\text{or } \ell(H_i(\mathcal{F}(F_0))) < \infty$$

$$\forall i \mathcal{F}^e(\varphi_i)(F_i) \subset \text{mp } F_0 \neq \emptyset$$

$$\forall i \mathcal{F}^e(\varphi_i)(F_i) \subset \text{mp } F_0 \text{ \& Homology has fin. length.}$$

$$\forall i, I_i := \text{Ann } H_m^i(A) \text{ is } I_0 \sim I_n \subset \text{Ann } H_0(\mathcal{F}^e(F_0))$$

$\rightarrow F_0/\text{mp } F_0$
(by Roberts's theorem)

$$\text{or } I_0 \sim I_m \subset \text{mp } F_0$$

$$\forall i, I_0 \sim I_m \subset \bigcap_{e \geq 1} \text{mp } F_0 = 0$$

$$\text{or } I_0 \sim I_m \text{ is not a prime ideal. } \square$$

§2 DSC & MC

thm (Direct Summand Conjecture, DSC)

A : reg. loc. $A \subset B$: A -alg. f.g. as A -mod

$\Rightarrow B$ is A -module (i.e. $A \in \text{直和因子}$)

cl $I \subset A$: ideal $I = \sum \mathfrak{p}_i$

① $A \rightarrow B$: faithfully flat

or

② $A \subset B$: 直和因子 (i.e. $A \hookrightarrow B$: split)

$\Rightarrow IB \cap A = I$

① $\forall M \in \text{Mod } A, M \rightarrow M \otimes B: x \mapsto x \otimes 1$ is inj. $\forall \mathfrak{p} \in \text{Spec } A$:

$A/I \rightarrow B/IB$ is inj.

② $B = A \oplus C$ $\forall \mathfrak{p} \in \text{Spec } A, IB = I \oplus IC \Rightarrow IB \cap A = I$

Obs $(A, \mathfrak{m}), (B, \mathfrak{n})$: Noe. loc. $A \subset B$. f.g. A -mod

$\mathfrak{p}' \in \text{Spec } B, \mathfrak{m} \subset \mathfrak{p}' \subset \mathfrak{n}$ $\forall \mathfrak{p} \in \text{Spec } A$

$A \subset B$: integral $\forall \mathfrak{p} \in \text{Spec } A, \mathfrak{p}' = \mathfrak{p}$ (lying over thm)

$\exists \mathfrak{q} \in \text{Spec } B$: s.o.p. of A $\forall B \cap \mathfrak{q}$ s.o.p. $\mathfrak{p} \in \text{Spec } A$

Obs

B : CM \wedge \mathbb{Z} . DSC \wedge \mathbb{Z}

\Rightarrow $A \subset B$: integral \mathbb{Z} $\dim A = \dim B$.

\underline{q} : s.o.p. of $A \subset \mathbb{Z}$. B a s.o.p. $\mathbb{Z} \in \mathbb{Z}$.

B : CM \mathbb{Z}) \underline{q} : B regular.

\mathbb{Z} : $\dim A \leq \text{depth}_A B = \text{depth } B = d$.

A : reg. \mathbb{Z}) prj: $\dim_A B < \infty$.

A - B formula \mathbb{Z})

prj: $\dim_A B + \text{depth } B = \text{depth } A$

\rightarrow prj: $\dim_A B = 0$.

B : A -flat (\Rightarrow) B : A -free \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{Z} : B : A -free //

thm (monomial conjecture MC)

(A.m): Noe. loc. $\underline{a} = a_1, \dots, a_r$: s.o.p.

$$\forall t > 0, a_1^t \dots a_r^t \notin (a_1^{t+1}, \dots, a_r^{t+1})$$

- s.o.p. は "独立, $\neq 0$ " の条件を主張している。

$$(X_1, \dots, X_r \text{ a.f.})$$

- (DSC \Leftrightarrow MC) \Rightarrow NIT (new-intersection thm)

thm 1

(A.m): reg. loc. \underline{a} : reg. s.o.p.

$A \subset B$: B : A -alg, f.g. as A -mod.

A : direct summand of B

$$\Leftrightarrow \forall t > 0, a_1^t \dots a_r^t \notin (a_1^{t+1}, \dots, a_r^{t+1})B$$

Proof

(\Rightarrow) \underline{a} : reg. $\forall t, a_1^t \dots a_r^t \notin (a_1^{t+1}, \dots, a_r^{t+1})$

$\forall I \subset A$: ideal $I = \sum_{i=1}^r I_i \mathfrak{a}_i$, $I \cap A = I \mathfrak{a}_i$

$$a_1^t \dots a_r^t \notin (a_1^{t+1}, \dots, a_r^{t+1})B$$

(\Leftarrow) A : complete l.c.z.s.

$\forall t > 0, I_t := (a_1^t, \dots, a_n^t), A_t := A/I_t, B_t := B/I_t B$
 $\forall \epsilon A \rightarrow B$ is equivalent to $A_t \xrightarrow{\varphi_t} B_t$ is inj.

(\Leftarrow) technical. A_t : 0-dim Noetherian (= f.g.),
 $a_1^t \dots a_n^t + I_t \in \text{Soc } A_t \subset \ker \varphi_t \subseteq \ker \varphi_t \subseteq \ker \varphi_t$

$\forall \epsilon A_t$ is inj. A_t -module $\forall \epsilon$

$D_\epsilon := \{ \varphi \in \text{Hom}(B_\epsilon, A_\epsilon) \mid \varphi \circ \varphi_\epsilon = \text{id}_{A_\epsilon} \} \neq \emptyset$

$\exists \varphi \in (D_\epsilon)_\epsilon$ is Mittag-Leffler $\forall \epsilon$
 集合 φ 的 φ_ϵ 是 φ_ϵ .
 $\begin{pmatrix} \text{id} \nearrow A_\epsilon \\ A_\epsilon \longleftarrow B_\epsilon \end{pmatrix}$

(X_i, φ_{ij}) : Mittag-Leffler
 $\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall i, \exists j \geq i: \forall k \geq j, \varphi_{ki}(X_k) = \varphi_{ji}(X_j)$

(X_i, φ_{ij}) : Mittag-Leffler & I : countable & $\forall i, X_i \neq \emptyset$
 $\Rightarrow \varprojlim X_i \neq \emptyset$

$\exists \varphi \varprojlim D_\epsilon \neq \emptyset$ i.e. $A \rightarrow B$ is split //

Thm 2

(A.m) : Noe. loc. $\mathfrak{q} = \mathfrak{a}_1, \dots, \mathfrak{a}_r$: s.o.p. of A.

$\exists M \in \text{Mod } A, \mathfrak{q} = M\text{-reg} \Rightarrow \forall e > 0, a_1^e \dots a_r^e \notin (\mathfrak{a}_1^{e+1}, \dots)$

$\Rightarrow a_1^e \dots a_r^e \in (\mathfrak{a}_1^{e+1}, \dots)$ \nexists

$\exists \mathfrak{a}_1^e, \dots, \mathfrak{a}_r^e M \subset (\mathfrak{a}_1^{e+1}, \dots) M$, $I := (\mathfrak{a}_1, \dots, \mathfrak{a}_r) \subset \mathfrak{a}_1, \mathfrak{a}_2$

$\text{gr}_I(M) \cong M \otimes A_I[X_1, \dots, X_r]$ (\leftarrow regular $e = 1, 2, \dots$)

$X_1^e \dots X_r^e \text{gr}_I(M) \subset (X_1^{e+1}, \dots, X_r^{e+1}) \text{gr}_I(M)$

to show

$\text{gr}_I(M) / (X_1^{e+1}, \dots) \text{gr}_I(M) \cong \bigoplus_{X_1^{e_1} \dots X_r^{e_r} \notin (X_1^{e+1}, \dots)} X_1^{e_1} \dots X_r^{e_r} (M/I^e M) \downarrow$

L

$= \mathfrak{a}_1 M = \mathfrak{a}_2 M$

§3 big CM conjecture.

Def

$(A, m) : \text{Noe. loc. } M \in \text{Mod } A$

$\underline{g} : \text{s.o.p. } 1 \leq i \leq r. \underline{g} : M\text{-reg. } 1 \leq i \leq r.$
 $M \in \underline{g} \text{ is } \text{big CM module } \Sigma_{i=1}^r$

Thm (André, 2016)

$(A, m) : \text{Noe. loc. } \forall \underline{g} : \text{s.o.p.}$

$\exists M \in \text{Mod } A : \underline{g} : M\text{-reg.}$

e.g.

$k : \text{fld. } A := k[[X, Y]]. \quad k[[X]] = A/(Y) : A\text{-mod}$

$M := A \oplus \text{Frac}(k[[X]]) \quad 1 \leq i \leq 2$

X, Y is M -reg. \neq Y, X is $\Sigma_{i=1}^2$ is big CM .

$\exists M \in \text{Mod } A, X$ is big CM is big CM .

Def

$\forall \mathfrak{a} = \text{s.o.p. } \mathfrak{a} : M\text{-reg.} \iff \exists \text{ 存在 } M \in$

balanced big CM \mathfrak{a}

Def

$\mathfrak{a} = \mathfrak{a}_1, \dots, \mathfrak{a}_r \in A, \quad I := (\mathfrak{a})$

$M \neq IM, \forall f \in M[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ $\neq \neq$

$f(\mathfrak{a}) \in I^{\deg f + 1} M \Rightarrow \forall (\text{coeff. of } f) \in IM$

$\neq \neq \neq, \mathfrak{a} \in \text{quasi-}M\text{-reg. } \mathfrak{a}$

Thm (Rees)

$\mathfrak{a} : \text{reg} \Rightarrow \mathfrak{a} : \mathfrak{f}\text{-reg.}$

(松村 16.2)

Prop

$\hat{A} : M \text{ a } I\hat{z}\text{a completion.}$

TF A E :

(i) $\mathfrak{a} : M\text{-}\mathfrak{f}\text{-reg}$

(ii) $\mathfrak{a} : \hat{M}\text{-}\mathfrak{f}\text{-reg}$

(iii) $\mathfrak{a} : \hat{M}\text{-reg}$

(Bruns-Herzog Thm 8.5.1)

thms

(A, \mathfrak{m}) : Noe. loc. \mathfrak{a} : S.O.P. M : \mathfrak{a} -big CM

\hat{A} : \mathfrak{m} -adic completion. is balanced big CM.

\therefore) $r := \dim A \neq 1$ (I-adic & \mathfrak{m} -adic は \mathbb{Q} の連続)

$\underline{b} = b_1, \dots, b_r$: S.O.P. $\exists \exists$.

$\exists c \in A$: a_1, \dots, a_{r-1}, c : S.O.P.

&

b_1, \dots, b_{r-1}, c : S.O.P. (using Prime avoidance)

$u \notin a_1, \dots, a_{r-1}, c$ (if M -reg. $\neq \emptyset$) (\mathbb{Q} の連続性)

\hat{A} -reg. $\neq \emptyset$ (M -reg. $\Rightarrow M$ - \mathfrak{z} -reg. $\Rightarrow \hat{A}$ -reg.)

$\exists \exists c, a_1, \dots, a_{r-1}$: \hat{A} -reg.

$u \notin \mathfrak{m}$ (if $\neq \emptyset$) $\bar{b}_1, \dots, \bar{b}_{r-1} \in A/\mathfrak{c}A$ if $\hat{A}/\mathfrak{c}\hat{A}$ -reg. c .

c, b_1, \dots, b_{r-1} is \hat{A} -reg.

b_1, \dots, b_{r-1}, c : \hat{A} -reg.

b_1, \dots, b_{r-1}, b_r : \hat{A} -reg. //

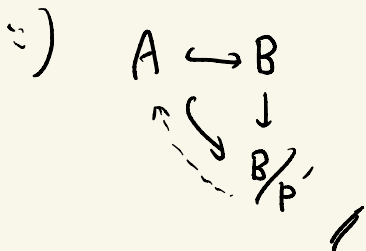
big CM \Rightarrow DSC a sketch

lem 3

A : domain $A \subset B$: integral ext.

$P' \in \text{Spec } B$: $P' \cap A = (0)$,

A is B/P' a 直和因子 $\Rightarrow A$ is B a 直和因子



Def

$(A, \mathfrak{m}, \mathbb{k})$: Hensel local

$\stackrel{\text{def}}{(\Leftrightarrow)} \forall f, g_0, h_0 \in A[x]$: monic

$f - g_0, h_0 \in \mathfrak{m}A[x]$ & $(g_0, h_0) + \mathfrak{m}A[x] = A[x]$

$\Rightarrow \exists g, h \in A[x]$: monic:

$f = gh$ & $g - g_0, h - h_0 \in \mathfrak{m}A[x]$

lem 4

(A, m, \mathbb{k}) : Henselian local

$A \subset B$: integral ext. B : domain $\Rightarrow B$: local

ii) $\mathfrak{m} + \mathfrak{m}' \in \text{Spec } B$, $b \in \mathfrak{m}$, $b \notin \mathfrak{m}'$ etc.

$A \subset B$: int. ext. $\leadsto \exists f = X^n + a_1 X^{n-1} + \dots + a_n \in A[X]$;

$$f(b) = 0.$$

$$\leadsto a_n = -(b^n + \dots + a_{n-1}b) \in \mathfrak{m} \cap A = \mathfrak{m}$$

$\{ (i, a_i \in \mathfrak{m}, \exists b, a_i \in \mathfrak{m} \cap A = \mathfrak{m} \text{ etc.}) \mid b^n \in \mathfrak{m} \text{ etc.} \}$

$\exists i: a_i \notin \mathfrak{m}$.

$a_n, \dots, a_{n-(l-1)} \in \mathfrak{m}$, $a_{n-l} \notin \mathfrak{m}$ etc. $l \in \mathbb{Z}$.

for $\mathbb{k}[X]$ na \mathbb{Z} ist

$$X^n + \dots + a_{n-l} X^l = X^l (\quad)$$

$\mathbb{k}[\mathbb{Z}]$. A : Henselian $\exists a \in \mathbb{Z} \exists g, h \in A[X]$, monic;

$f = gh$, B : int. dom. \mathbb{Z} , $g(b) = 0$ or $h(b) = 0$.

c) $\mathbb{k}[\mathbb{Z}]$ \mathbb{Z} : \mathbb{Z} ist \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{Z} , $b \in A$ etc.) \Downarrow

big (M => DSC) a Sketch

A: complete l (2 f.u.)

lem 3 f) B: domain, lem 4 f) B: local l (2 f.u.)

\underline{a} : reg. s.o.p. of A $\forall \mathfrak{B} \in \underline{a} \exists B$ a s.o.p. $\mathfrak{C} \in \mathfrak{B}$.

$\mathfrak{B} \in \mathfrak{A} \cap \mathfrak{B} \cap \mathfrak{C}$. $\forall \epsilon > 0, a_1^{\epsilon}, \dots, a_r^{\epsilon} \in (a_1^{\epsilon}, \dots, a_r^{\epsilon}) \cap B$

thm 1 f) A is B a \mathbb{Q} and \mathbb{Z} //

Hochster is equi. char $p > 0$ \Rightarrow big CM $\in \mathbb{F}_p$.

\mathbb{Z} is "Meta theorem" $\in \mathbb{F}_p$, \mathbb{Z} equi. char $p = 0 \in \mathbb{F}_p$.

math. modification $\in \mathbb{F}_p$.

$\underline{a} = a_1, \dots, a_r$ is M-regular $\in \mathbb{F}_p$.

$0 \leq s < r$ \Rightarrow a_{s+1}, \dots, a_r : $M/(a_1, \dots, a_s)$ M-kg

\mathbb{Z} $\in \mathbb{F}_p$ \Rightarrow \mathbb{Z}

\mathbb{Z} $\in \mathbb{F}_p$ \Rightarrow \mathbb{Z} $\in \mathbb{F}_p$ \Rightarrow \mathbb{Z} $\in \mathbb{F}_p$.

Def

A : ring. $\underline{g} = a_1, \dots, a_r \in A$. $M \in \text{Mod } A$. $0 \leq s < r$

e_1, \dots, e_s (standard) basis of A^s

$\exists y \in M: a_{s+1} y \in (a_1, \dots, a_s)M \ \forall \exists$

$M' := M \oplus A^s / A_{\underline{w}}$, $w := y - \sum_{i=1}^s a_i e_i \ \forall \exists$

\perp $M' \in \text{Ma}(\exists \perp \text{Mod } A) \ \underline{g}$ -modification of type $\exists \perp$

$x \in M \perp \exists \perp \exists N \in \text{Mod } A: \exists y \in N:$

$\exists f: M \rightarrow N: f(x) = y \ \forall \exists \perp \exists \perp$

$f: (M, x) \rightarrow (N, y) \ \forall \exists \perp$

$(M, x) \rightarrow (M_1, x_1) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow (M_g, x_g) \ \exists$

$(M_{i+1}, x_{i+1}) \perp (M_i, x_i) \ \eta \ S_{i+1}$ - \underline{g} -modif. \perp

$\exists \exists \perp \cup \exists \perp \exists \perp$, \exists a sequence $\exists \text{Ma}$

(S_1, \dots, S_g) - \underline{g} -modification sequence $\exists \perp \perp$

$(M_g, x_g) \in \text{Ma}(S_1, \dots, S_g)$ -modif. $\exists \perp \perp$

Def

$(M, \alpha) \mid \Rightarrow \exists \alpha, \beta, \gamma \in M \text{ s.t. } \alpha\beta\gamma = 1$

non-degenerate \Leftrightarrow

Prop 5

A : Noetherian. $\alpha = \alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_r \in A$

TF $A \in E$:

(i) $\exists M \in \text{Mod } A$: α : M -regular.

(ii) (A.1) α α -modif $(M, \alpha) \mid \exists$ matrix non-degenerate.

(technical)

= $\forall \alpha \in A$: big $(M \text{ con}) \in \text{reg. char } p > 0 \text{ or } \bar{\alpha} \in \bar{A}$.

Sketch (equiv. char $p > 0$ $\Rightarrow \mathbb{F} \neq \mathbb{Z}$ big (M conj))

A : complete $\& \mathbb{Z}$ -m.

Prop 5 $\exists (N, \gamma) \in (A, \mathbb{I})$ a \mathbb{Q} -modif $\& \mathbb{I} \neq \mathbb{Z}$

non-deg. $\exists \mathbb{F} \subseteq \mathbb{I}^*$ $\& \mathbb{I}^*$

$(N, \gamma) \in (A, \mathbb{I})$ a $(S_1, \dots, S_r)_{\mathbb{Q}}$ -modif. \mathbb{Z} . deg. $\& \mathbb{I}^*$.

$\forall e \geq 1, (f^e(N), f^e(\gamma)) \in (A, \mathbb{I})$ a \mathbb{Q}^{pe} -modif.

$\forall \mathbb{F} \exists c \in A$: non-nilpotent; $\forall e,$

$$(A, \mathbb{I}) \rightarrow (f^e(N), f^e(\gamma))$$

$$\searrow \mathbb{Z} \quad \downarrow \exists \varphi_r$$

$$(A, \mathbb{C}^r)$$

(A, \mathbb{C}^r) has image of \mathbb{C}^r is ok. $\Rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \neq \mathbb{I}^*$

$$\forall e, \mathbb{C}^r = \varphi_r(f^e(\gamma)) \subset \varphi_r(\mathbb{Q}^{pe} f^e(N)) \subset \mathbb{Q}^{pe} A$$

(complete $\& \mathbb{I}^*$)

\uparrow
deg. \mathbb{I}^*

$$\mathbb{Z} \quad \mathbb{C}^r \in \bigcap_{e \geq 1} \mathbb{Q}^{pe} A = 0. \quad \searrow$$

equiv. char $p=0$ or \neq .

Def

$$\mathbb{Z}[X, Y] := \mathbb{Z}[X_1, \dots, X_n, Y_1, \dots, Y_m]$$

$E \subset \mathbb{Z}[X, Y]$: finite E system of equations e_i

$\exists A$: ring: $\exists \underline{a} = a_1, \dots, a_n, \underline{b} = b_1, \dots, b_m \in A$

$\forall f \in E, f(\underline{a}, \underline{b}) = 0$ or $\exists \underline{a}, \underline{b} \in A$ s.t. $f(\underline{a}, \underline{b}) \neq 0$

$\exists \underline{a}, \underline{b} \in A$ s.t. $f(\underline{a}, \underline{b}) \neq 0$

thm (Hochster's meta-theorem)

A : Noe. loc. equiv. char. E : sys. of eqn.

E has a solution in A of $\text{ht } n$.

$\Rightarrow \exists A'$: Noe. loc. equiv. char $p > 0$:

E has a solution $\underline{a}', \underline{b}'$ in A' with \underline{a}' : s.o.p. of A' .

($A \in \mathbb{F}_p$ -f.g. domain \in maximal ideal \subset localise $(\mathbb{F}_p \cap \mathbb{Z} \subset \mathbb{Z})$.

A : regular $\Leftrightarrow A' \in$ regular, $\underline{a}' \in$ regular s.o.p. $\subset \mathbb{Z}$.

证明 1.18 Artin's approximation thm 2.1.

henselisation = \varinjlim etale along \mathbb{Z}/p^n

$$A^h = \varinjlim (A[x]/f)_{x,m} \quad (f: \text{monic}, a_1 \in m, a_0 \in m)$$

Prop 6

$$1 \leq r, 0 \leq s_1, \dots, s_r \leq n-1 \quad (1 \leq r \leq 2)$$

$\exists m \geq 1; \exists E \subset \mathbb{Z}[X_1, \dots, X_n, Y_1, \dots, Y_m]$, s/s of equi

$\forall A: \text{ring}, \forall \mathfrak{q} = \mathfrak{q}_1, \dots, \mathfrak{q}_n \in A$.

$\exists (M, \alpha) : (s_1, \dots, s_r) - \mathfrak{q}$ -modif. of (A.1) degenerate

$(\Rightarrow) \exists b_1, \dots, b_m \in A; \mathfrak{q}, \underline{b}$ is solution of E

thm

equi. char $p=0$ or big $(M \text{ or } \mathbb{F}_p) \geq 2$.

Proof

\mathfrak{q} : s.o.p. $\forall M \in \text{Mod } A, \mathfrak{q}$: not M -regular etc.

Prop 6 F) $\exists (M, \mathfrak{q}) : (s_1, \dots, s_r) - \mathfrak{q}$ -modif. of (A.1) degenerate.

$= \exists s_1, \dots, s_r \neq \mathfrak{q}$. Prop 6 F) $\exists E; E$ has a solution in A .

Meta thm F) $\exists A'$: Noe. loc. equi. char $p > 0, E$ has a solution in A' .

Prop 6 F) degenerate $\exists \mathfrak{q}$ -modif \mathfrak{q} etc. Prop 5 & 6 //